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## **Appendix Table A1** Gross morphology scores<sup>17</sup>

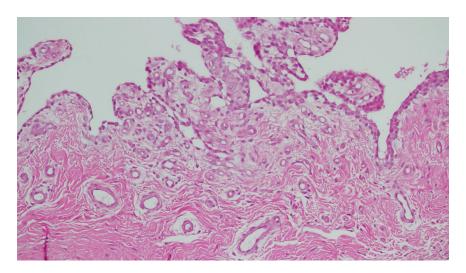
|                          | 4 points       | 3 points          | 2 points    | 1 point     | 0 point            |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Coverage                 | > 75%          | 51% - 75%         | 25% - 50%   | < 25%       | bare               |
| (% fill)                 |                |                   |             |             |                    |
| Neo-cartilage color      | normal/whitish | < 25%             | 25% - 50%   | 51% - 75%   | > 75%              |
| (% yellow/brown/reddish) |                |                   |             |             |                    |
| Defect margin            | invisible      | <25%              | 25% - 50%   | 51% - 75%   | >75%               |
| (% circumference)        | invisible      | ~2370             | 2370 - 3070 | 31/0 - /3/0 | ~13 <sup>7</sup> 0 |
| Surface smoothness       | normal         | smooth but raised | 25% - 50%   | 51% - 75%   | > 75%              |
| (% irregular)            |                |                   |             |             |                    |

## Appendix Table A2 Histology scoring system<sup>9</sup>

| Evaluation Items   | Category  | Points |
|--|---|--------|
|  | 76–100%   | 3      |
| L D CHE SI C LC  | 51-75%  | 2      |
| Percent filling with neo-formed tissue                                 | 26–50%  | 1      |
|  | 0–25%   | 0      |
|  | 76_100%   | 3      |
|  |   | 2      |
| 2. Percent filling with neo-formed tissue in subchondral bone          |   |        |
|  |   | 1      |
|  | 0-25%   | 0      |
|  | Normal, trabecular bone   | 4      |
|  | Trabecular, with some compact bone  | 3      |
| Subchondral bone morphology  | Compact bone  | 2      |
|  | Compact bone and fibrous tissue   | 1      |
|  | Only fibrous tissue or no tissue  | 0      |
|  | Complete on both edges  | 3      |
|  | -   | 2      |
| I. Extent of neo-tissue bonding with adjacent bone in subchondral bone |   | 1      |
|  | · ·   |        |
|  | without continuity on either eage   | 0      |
|  | Mainly hyaline cartilage (>75%)   | 8      |
|  | Hyaline cartilage mixed with fibrocartilage (50-75%)  |        |
| . Manufacture Comment and Comment                                      | Mainly Fibrocartilage (>75%)  | 6      |
| 5. Morphology of neo-formed surface tissue                             |   | 4      |
|  | ,   | 2      |
|  | No tissue   | 0      |
|  | Similar to the surrounding cartilage  | 3      |
|  |   | 2      |
| 5. Thickness of neo-formed cartilage                                   |   | 1      |
|  | No cartilage  | 0      |
|  | Smooth intact surface   | 3      |
|  |   | 2      |
| 7. Joint surface regularity  |   |        |
| -  |   | 1      |
|  | Complete disruption of the neo-surface  | 0      |
|  | None at all   | 3      |
|  | Less than 25% of chondrocytes   | 2      |
| o. Chondrocyte clustering  | 25–100% chondrocytes  | 1      |
|  | No chondrocytes present (no cartilage)  |        |
|  | 76–100% 51–75% 26–50% 0–25%  Normal, trabecular bone Trabecular, with some compact bone Compact bone Compact bone and fibrous tissue Only fibrous tissue or no tissue  Complete on both edges Complete on one edge Partial on both edges Without continuity on either edge Mainly hyaline cartilage (>75%) Hyaline cartilage mixed with fibrocartilage (50–75%) Mainly Fibrocartilage (>75%) Mainly fibrous tissue (spherical cell morphology <75% of cells) No tissue Similar to the surrounding cartilage Greater than surrounding cartilage Less than the surrounding cartilage Less than the surrounding cartilage No cartilage Smooth, intact surface Surface fissures (<25% neo-surface thickness) Deep fissures (25–99% neo-surface thickness) Complete disruption of the neo-surface None at all Less than 25% of chondrocytes 25–100% chondrocytes No chondrocytes present (no cartilage)  Normal cellularity with normal Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with moderate Alcian blue staining Poviously less cells with poor Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with normal Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with moderate Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with mormal Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with moderate Alcian blue staining | 3      |
|  |   | 2      |
| Chondrocyte and GAGs content of neo-cartilage                          |   | 1      |
|  |   |        |
|  | Less than 25% of chondrocytes 25–100% chondrocytes No chondrocytes present (no cartilage)  Normal cellularity with normal Alcian blue staining Normal cellularity with moderate Alcian blue staining Obviously less cells with poor Alcian blue staining Few cells with no or little Alcian blue staining or no carti   | 0      |
|  | Normal cellularity with normal Alcian blue staining   | 3      |
| O Chandragute and GAGs content of adjacent contiless                   | Normal cellularity with moderate Alcian blue staining   | 2      |
| Chondrocyte and GAGs content of adjacent cartilage                     | Obviously less cells with poor Alcian blue staining   | 1      |
|  |   | 0      |
|  | Normal tissue (<5% inflammatory cells)  | 3      |
|  |   |        |
|  | wind imanimation (3-20% infaminatory cens)  | 2      |
| 1. Inflammatory response in the reparative site                        |   |        |
| 1. Inflammatory response in the reparative site                        | Moderate inflammation (21–50% inflammatory cells)<br>Severe (>50% inflammatory cells)   | 1<br>0 |



**Appendix Figure A1**. Porcine health. All minipigs were able to stand within 3 days from side-lying and mini-squat (partial weight-bearing) to full knee extend (full weight-bearing) after after surgery.



Appendix Figure A2. SED group knee showing synovial membrane hyperplasia.