Supplementary table 1. COREQ (COnsolidated criteria for REporting Qualitative research) Checklist for the MindChamp qualitative study

Topic	Item No.	Guide Questions/Description	Reported on Page No.
Domain 1: Research team and reflexivity			
Personal characteristics			
Interviewer/facilitator	1	Which author/s conducted the interview or focus group?	6
Credentials	2	What were the researcher's credentials? E.g. PhD, MD	30
Occupation	3	What was their occupation at the time of the study?	30
Gender	4	Was the researcher male or female?	6

Experience and	5	What experience or training did	6
training		the researcher have?	
Relationship with			
participants			
Relationship	6	Was a relationship established	6
established		prior to study commencement?	
Participant knowledge of the interviewer	7	What did the participants know about the researcher? E.g. personal goals, reasons for doing the research	6
Interviewer characteristics	8	What characteristics were reported about the interviewer/ facilitator? E.g. Bias, assumptions, reasons and interests in the research topic	6

Domain 2: Study			
design			
Theoretical			
framework			
		What methodological orientation	
Methodological		was stated to underpin the study?	
orientation and	9	E.g. grounded theory, discourse	7
Theory		analysis, ethnography,	
		phenomenology, content analysis	
Participant selection			
		How were participants selected?	
Sampling	10	E.g. purposive, convenience,	5
		consecutive, snowball	
		How were participants	
Method of approach	11	approached? E.g. face-to-face,	6
		telephone, mail, email	

Sample size	12	How many participants were in the study?	5
Non-participation	13	How many people refused to participate or dropped out? Reasons?	20
Setting			
Setting of data collection	14	Where was the data collected? E.g. home, clinic, workplace	6,7
Presence of non participants	15	Was anyone else present besides the participants and researchers?	7
Description of sample	16	What are the important characteristics of the sample? E.g. demographic data, date	5, 21
Data collection			

Interview guide	17	Were questions, prompts, guides provided by the authors? Was it pilot tested?	7
Repeat interviews	18	Were repeat inter views carried out? If yes, how many?	7
Audio/visual recording	19	Did the research use audio or visual recording to collect the data?	7
Field notes	20	Were field notes made during and/or after the interview or focus group?	7
Duration	21	What was the duration of the inter views or focus group?	7
Data saturation	22	Was data saturation discussed?	5

Transcripts returned	23	Were transcripts returned to participants for comment and/or correction?	7
Domain 3: analysis and findings			
Data analysis			
Number of data coders	24	How many data coders coded the data?	7
Description of the coding tree	25	Did authors provide a description of the coding tree?	N/A
Derivation of themes	26	Were themes identified in advance or derived from the data?	7
Software	27	What software, if applicable, was used to manage the data?	7

Participant checking	28	Did participants provide feedback on the findings?	7
Reporting			
Quotations presented	29	Were participant quotations presented to illustrate the themes/findings? Was each quotation identified? E.g. participant number	Supplementary tables 3-6
Data and findings consistent	30	Was there consistency between the data presented and the findings?	Supplementary tables 3-6
Clarity of major themes	31	Were major themes clearly presented in the findings?	8, 12
Clarity of minor themes	32	Is there a description of diverse cases or discussion of minor themes?	8, 16, 17, 18, 19

<i>Note</i> . Developed from:	Tong A, Sainsbury P, C	Craig J. Consolidated c	riteria for reporting quali	tative research (Co	OREQ): a 32-item	checklist for
interviews and focus gro	oups. International Jou	rnal for Quality in He	alth Care. 2007. Volume	19, Number 6: pp	. 349 – 357	

Supplementary table 2. Topic list of semi-structured interviews with
participants after the MYmind mindfulness-based intervention

participants after the M I mind mindfulness-based intervention
Facilitators and barriers of MYmind
Barriers to participation and at-home practicing
Facilitators to participation and at-home practicing
Perceived effects of MYmind
On children with ADHD
On parents (of children with ADHD)

Relational effects

Supplementary table 3. Example quotations for themes and subthemes of **Facilitators and Barriers** for *Parents*, concerning the family-based MBI MYmind

Subthemes	Facilitators	Barriers
Contextual factors		
Family	"Yes, so he (my son, Ed.) points out to me, that I am	"It took a lot of time and energy to do the mindfulness
	stressed by saying: 'hey mam you're on the highway' or	well. As a result, we had less time to sit on the couch
	'you're going on the highway'. I say, 'Oh yeah, I'll just turn	together after dinner, to have a chat, or just turn the TV on,
	off on the highway A3-25' * laughter *." M; F05	because we still had to do our homework. And this despite
		the fact that we actually immensely value having family
		time with the four of us together." M; F02
Where and	"The location and room were perfect, we found ourselves	"The moment of the training was a let-down, so right in the
when	in a beautiful meditation room." M; F12	middle of the week. It really narrowed a lot of options,
		planning wise, for us. So that was a disappointment. [].
		Like I said earlier, it is really hectic to be there at 6 p.m."
		M; F01

Time	"And well, you also really have a nice moment together,	"No, it was really a let-down. It cost a lot of time and
investment	going to the training together. I thought that was nice too."	energy to do everything well." M; F02
	M; F14	
IBI characteristics		
Content of MBI	"The fact that we spoke about something different every	"I thought that some things were a bit 'wishy washy',
	week was nice. [] Yes, the variety." M; F09	which was quite difficult for me. For instance, 'walking
		with attention', that I found really hard." M; F19
Mindfulness	"The way she gave the training was good. The mindfulness	"I didn't find the mindfulness teacher that strong on that
teachers	teachers are all calm and nice. So that she was anyway. She	part. She missed an opportunity there. She could have had a
	was able to connect well to the group. She really looked at	more interrogating role there: 'Okay, tell me more'." M;
	what was there in the group, which exercises were needed,	F06
	and she listened really well." M; F16	
Other	"What I found very positive, is the possibility to exchange	"I found it regrettable that the training group was so small,
participants	experiences with others, like 'what are you up against', and	as there were only four parents. Then you just have to make
	that so many things were recognisable. It made me think	the best of it with those four, but I couldn't emotionally

	•	Q
	nice!'." M; F01	connection between us." M; F06
articipant characte	ristics	
Personal	"We had a deadline then (during the training, Ed.), so then	"I didn't manage at all to do the homework. When I am
characteristics	it (practicing mindfulness, Ed.) works. We make a schedule	home, I can only focus on one thing. And when I have to
	and stick to it obediently." M; F09	do homework when the children are bouncing around me,
		then that is very demanding. I have a lot of difficulty with
		processing stimuli." F; F10
View on	"It (mindfulness, Ed.) is really like a seed that is planted.	"At first I thought it (mindfulness, Ed.) was all really
mindfulness	And maybe, in a few years, he (my son, Ed.) will be able to	strange, I am honest about that, I was really a bit sceptical."
	use parts of it." M; F06	M; F03

'Ah... So I'm not crazy, it isn't always our fault! No... How relate to them so well. I didn't have the feeling there was a

Note. MBI, mindfulness-based intervention. Identification of quotes: M = mother, F = father, S = son, D = daughter, Fxx = family code. Except for F09 (native English speaker), all quotes are translated from Dutch originally.

Supplementary table 4. Example quotations for Themes and Subthemes of **Facilitators and Barriers** for *Children* with ADHD, concerning the family-based MBI MYmind.

Subthemes	Facilitators	Barriers
Contextual factors		
Family	"What did you think about the homework?" "Well,	"And would you do the training again?" "I don't think
	sometimes I then think 'yes, hello, go away, I am tired'.	so."
	But then my dad said, 'no, you just do it straight after	"No? Why not?" "My parents and sister and I can't eat
	dinner, then you are done quickly'. Then my mother did the	together then. And then I can't see dad, then I'll see my
	meditation with me. And my father did all active practices	dad later." S; F05; 12 years
	with me." S; F14; 11 years	
Where and	"Most of the time I liked the fact that it (the ride in the car,	"Well I didn't like it so much because we had to go all the
when	Ed.) took so long: I could talk and chat about it (the	way to Nijmegen in the evening. And then I would be
	mindfulness training, Ed.) in the car with my dad." S; F11;	home late, after my normal bedtime." S; F05; 12 years
	11 years	

Subthemes	Facilitators	Barriers
Time	"Did you find the training long?" "No, I didn't. I didn't	"How did you find it to do the homework during the
investment	really mind it at all when it lasted another hour." S; F11; 11	training?" "Yeah, yeah, that didn't work." "No, why
	years	not?" "We sometimes didn't have time for it, we often
		weren't able to complete the homework." S; F07; 10 years
MBI characteristics	s	
Content of	"That yoga she (my daughter, Ed.) found real fun, as you	"And what my daughter found the most difficult, is that
MBI	get to move around then. So, well, that's no issue then." M	they (the mindfulness teachers, Ed.) scored the children.
	of 10-year old D; F09	[] We never finished everything every week. So she
		would say that another child got full marks and she didn't.
		That was a problem for her, that was painful. She has that
		in everyday life, so with sports and competitions. And she
		doesn't win much, so that scoring was difficult for her." M
		of 10-year old D; F09
Mindfulness	"Well she (the mindfulness teacher, Ed.) never got angry or	"He (my son, Ed.) found that very bothersome, when he
teachers	something. If at times it became somewhat chaotic during	was corrected to lay still. Or when he made a sound and

Subthemes	Facilitators	Barriers
	the training, she would just continue as normal. You know,	then to be told 'You have to be silent!'. That's how he told
	she would just go back to the practice in a mindful way. I	it. And that he finds very bothersome." <i>M of 12-year old S</i> ;
	thought they did that very well. Handling all these busy	F05
	children." S; F19; 15 years	
Other	"I really enjoyed doing the training being with the other	"The children whom I was in the group with were not
participants	children and so I did not stand out so much and I liked	exactly calm." "How did you feel about that?" "I became
	that I wasn't different or anything, but was simply who I	also a bit busy because of that" S; F05; 12 years
	was and so were the other children" D; F01; 9 years	
Participant characte	eristics	
Personal	"He (my son, Ed.) likes doing stuff with other children. He	"It is called Sluggish Cognitive Tempo, so it is a little bit
characteristics	is just very social." M of 10-year old S; F04	different to ADHD. So her (my daughters', Ed.) holding on
		to information, her 'processing', is very difficult. So I think
		it was just too much for her." M of 10-year old D; F09

Subthemes	Facilitators	Barriers
View on	"Then later I asked why he (my son, Ed.) actually	"He finds it horrible. And if I try to do a mindfulness
mindfulness	participated: 'I dragged you along because I am your	exercise with him, I only receive aversion, and resistance."
	father, but apart from that, did you have a reason for	M of 12-year old S; F05
	yourself?' And then he (my son, Ed.) said, 'Yes, I wanted	
	to get rid of my medication.": "F of 11-year old S; F11	
Child age	"Especially having to understand the relationship between	"I think that it is because she (my daughter, Ed.) is
	cause and effect, that is far easier to grasp for the older	mentally too young. Too young to understand what it was
	children. So the improvement that was being discussed by	really about. And what it was really for. And holding on to
	the mindfulness teachers was, I thought, more visible in the	all that information." M of 10-year old D; F09
	older children." M of 9-year old D; F01	

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Supplementary table 5. Example quotations for themes of **Effects** from the family-based MBI MYmind for *Parents*.

Themes	Effects	
No / adverse effects	"Before the training I bought a book with mindfulness exercises and already wasn't that excited. But I can	
	understand the underlying thoughts of mindfulness, being more aware, focusing and the present moment, but we	
	didn't really notice effects ourselves." F; F07	
Awareness / Insight	"And how he (my son, Ed.) handles certain things. That's what I detect and see in my son now. I keep getting better	
	and better in seeing how he deals with things and what kind of help he needs." F; F10	
Acceptance	"We realized that it is extremely important that we let her (my daughter, Ed.) be herself and not always try to fit her	
	in the perfect picture as everyone expects. As she is quite hyperactive of course, we always tried to temper her	
	behaviour. And there is nothing really wrong with that, but on the other hand, she is just how she is." M; F03	
Emotion regulation /	"My son says that I'm more calm and that I do not get angry that easy anymore." M; F12	
reactivity		
Cognitive functioning	"Before the mindfulness training I looked at my work as an impossible pile to work through, now I divide my work	
	in smaller tasks. This method gives me a much better overview and I feel more calm. This makes that I am better at	
	planning my work and estimating the quantity. I can now take a certain distance. Taking distance from the	
	mindfulness perspective gives me peace in several areas." F; F07	

Effects	
"That is also mindfulness; just having a walk through the forest, being aware of the steps you take, becoming aware	
of your environment, and just listening to all the sounds you hear. And yes, it did, it really helped me feel more	
calm." M; F03	
"She (my daughter, Ed.) needs me to stop and think about what is going on with her. And try to approach her	
differently. And that's what it has made me do. I'm not saying that this is what happens all the time. I do get fed	
up." M; F09	
"Yes, and I also notice that I try to apply mindfulness at work. I consciously give people a compliment, instead of	
saying 'you can do better', for yes, things can always be better, but you see the effect of giving a compliment. And	
ehm, these are things that I consciously apply, and I think that I have taken that with me from the mindfulness	
training." M; F01	

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Supplementary table 6. Example quotations for themes of **Effects** from the family-based MBI MYmind for *Children* with ADHD.

Themes	Effects	
No / adverse effects	"No, I already told mom that mindfulness is not working for me. I really don't get how it should help because ehm	
	when I'm angry I won't immediately sit down in lotus position and do the exercises while I'm still angry or mad	
	at something." D; F09; 10 years	
Awareness / Insight	"I am much calmer now through the insights I gained, I think." "You also said you noticed an effect regarding	
	others, can you tell me more about that?" "Yes, people like to interact with me more than before."	
	"Do you mean the children at your school or?" "Yes, but also my sisters, my father and my mother, and	
	actually everyone else." S; F11; 11 years	
Acceptance	"You said you feel different than other kids." "Yes." "And you hoped that through the mindfulness training	
	no one would notice you are different anymore." "Yes." "Do you think the training has helped you with	
	that?" "Well, it doesn't bother me anymore. I am who I am, and they are who they are, and it doesn't matter. And I	
	find it much nicer to be myself now, because now I can be goofy, and maybe they find me strange, but maybe they	
	act different from who they actually are, and I don't. I am just myself, and if I want three scoops of ice cream I	
	will." D; F20; 12 years	

Themes	Effects	
Emotion regulation /	"Great, do you also have fewer fights with your father now?" "A lot less actually." "How does that feel?" "This	
reactivity	is much better. I think I owe that to myself, but also to my dad. Because we are both really impulsive and explode	
	really easily. That happens a lot less now through the mindfulness." S; F11; 11 years	
Cognitive functioning	"I think I have become calmer after the training. I also noticed that my concentration is better now." "When do you	
	notice you can concentrate better?" "During tests and at school during classes." S; F19; 15 years	
Calmness / relaxation	"Ehm, well, then I do this * demonstrates taking a breathing space * and even when you do it less than a minute	
	you are calmed down and you can go ahead again, but if I don't, then ehm, how will I put it, yes I will bounce	
	around or I will get very sad or angry or something." D; F02; 9 years	
Relational changes	"Well I think that she (my mother, Ed.) feels more how I feel. That she understands me better." D; F20; 12 years	
Generalisation	"And the breathing exercise you are still doing. Do you think you will keep using it?" "Yes, I think so, it does	
	help me. Today I didn't use it, but it's school holidays, so I don't really need it. But for example, I had an exam	
	week two weeks ago, then I really used it throughout the whole week. Really a lot." S; Fam19; 15 years	

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