

Supplementary table 1-Relationship of treatment related factors and occurrence of infections

Variable	Infection N=63, n (%)	No infection N=149, n (%)	Odds ratio (CI)	P value
IV CYC (ever) n= 76	18 (28.6)	58 (38.9)	0.62 (0.33-1.18)	0.162
IV MP Pulse (ever) n=137	38 (60.3)	99 (66.4)	0.77 (0.42-1.41)	0.43
Immunosuppression (ever) n=139	38 (60.3)	101 (67.8)	0.81 (0.43-1.75)	0.3
Azathioprine n= 34	24 (16.1)	10 (15.9)	0.98 (0.44-2.12)	1
HCQ n=207	61 (96.8)	146 (98)	0.63(0.1-3.85)	0.63
Rituximab n=5	3 (4.8)	2 (1.3)	3.68 (0.56-22.5)	0.16
MMF n=11	2 (3.2)	9 (6)	0.51(0.10-2.43)	0.51
Daily prednisolone dose in mg, median	35 (0-60)	40 (0-60)		0.98

Supplementary table 2- Cut off values generated for the parameters using ROC analysis

Sl no.	Variable	Area under the curve	Cut off value
1	Hemoglobin	0.396	<9.5 g/dL
2	Absolute lymphocyte count	0.391	<1500 /dL
3	Albumin	0.373	<3g/dL
4	Duration of hospital stay	0.712	>11 days

Supplementary table 3- Predictive accuracy of the criteria derived based on presence of 5 variables* found significant in the multivariate analysis

Variable	No.	Presence of infection	Sensitivity (%)	Specificity (%)	PPV (%)	NPV (%)	Accuracy (%)
Any 1	161	62	94.41	33.56	38.51	98.04	52.83
Any 2	94	48	72.73	69.13	46.51	87.29	70.10
Any 3	33	21	33.33	91.95	63.64	76.54	74.53
Any 4	10	8	12.70	98.66	80	72.77	73.11
All 5#	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Abbreviations- PPV, Positive predictive value; NPV, Negative predictive value
* These 5 variables were presence of fever, vasculitis, thrombocytopenia, Presence of co-morbidities (Diabetes mellitus, hypothyroidism and/or hypertension), duration of hospital stay > 11 days

Supplementary table 4- hsCRP as predictor of infection

Variable hsCRP	Number positive	Infection	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV	NPV	Accuracy
>6 mg/L	60	28	77.8%	45.6%	46.7%	77.1%	51.9%
>11.5 mg/L	40	24	66.7%	72.9%	60%	78.8%	70.5%

Abbreviations- PPV, Positive predictive value; NPV, Negative predictive value