Supplementary Table 1.

 $Definitions\ of\ ten\ motor\ O*NET\ factors\ measured\ within\ each\ occupation\ kit.$

ONET factor	Definition
Arm-Hand Steadiness	The ability to keep your hand and arm steady while moving your
	arm or while holding your arm and hand in one position.
Manual Dexterity	The ability to quickly move your hand, your hand together with your
	arm, or your two hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble objects.
Finger Dexterity	The ability to make precisely coordinated movements of the fingers
	or one or both hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble very small
	objects.
Upper Extremity Speed	The ability to make fast, simple, repeated movements of the fingers,
	hands, wrists, arms and shoulder.
Static Strength	The ability to exert maximum muscle force to lift, push, pull, or
	carry objects.
Explosive strength	The ability to use short bursts of muscle force to propel oneself (as
	in jumping or sprinting) or to throw an object.
Dynamic strength	The ability to exert muscle force repeatedly or continuously over
	time. This involves muscular endurance and resistance to muscle
	fatigue.
Extent flexibility	The ability to bend, stretch, twist, or reach with your arms, hands, or
	fingers.
Dynamic flexibility	The ability to quickly and repeatedly bend, stretch, twist, or reach
	out with your arms, hands, or fingers.
Bilateral coordination	The ability to coordinate the movement of your upper extremities
	together to complete a task.

Supplementary Figure 1.

Abbreviated version of Assessment of Work Performance by Sandqvist, Lee, & Kielhofner, 2010.

Rate overall performance on occupation kit:

Incompetent performance Limited performance Unsure performance Competent performance The performance of the task is The performance of the task is Performance of the task is not The performance of the task fully competent with respect to is a) inefficient, a) inefficient, b) inappropriate, and b) inappropriate, and/or c) gives unacceptable result. The c) gives unacceptable result. the parameters a-c, but none a) efficient, of them are clearly affected. b) appropriate, and problems are major and all One/several (1 or 2) of the Normally the assessor has a c) gives an acceptable parameters (a-c) are clearly parameters (a-c) are clearly vague feeling that the result. affected. affected. performance is reduced.

Use Rating Scale above to rate the following Motor Skills:

1. Posture (stabilize, position)	LJ NR	1	2	3	4
Posture is the ability to place oneself in relation to the environments. Stabilize: Ability to maintain balance and trunk control in the Position: Postural ability to place the body appropriately to the stability to place the stability to the stability the stability the stability that the stability the stability that the stabilit	e situation.		nance of	the task.	
2. Mobility (reach)	N//	1	2	3	4
Mobility is the ability to move ones body or body parts in rel Reach : Ability to use arms and trunk to reach and place obje					
3. Coordination (coordinate, manipulate, flow)	N/s	1	2	3	4
Coordination is the ability to coordinate movements of different the environment.	erent body parts in rela	tion to eac	h other a	and in rel	ation to
Coordinate: Ability to coordinate movements in bilateral or a Manipulate: Ability to use fine motor control to produce small handling objects.	, ,				ts when
Flow: Ability to use smooth, fluid, and continuous arm and h	and movements.				
Flow: Ability to use smooth, fluid, and continuous arm and h 4. Strength (grip, push, pull, lift, transport, calibrate)	N/s		2	3	4
Flow: Ability to use smooth, fluid, and continuous arm and h 4. Strength	to the requirements of bout a weightbearing an ut a weightbearing axis ace to another.	the task.			4
### ### ##############################	to the requirements of bout a weightbearing an ut a weightbearing axis ace to another.	the task.			4