Supplemental Material

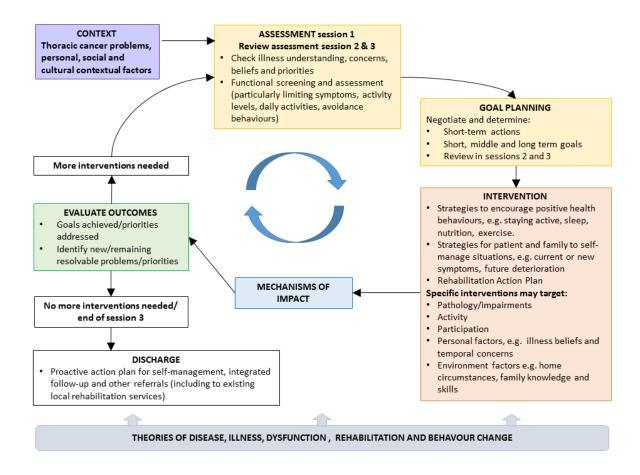


Figure 1 Conceptual Model of Short Term Integrated Rehabilitation for Thoracic Cancer (adapted from Wade 2005 [13]).

Appendix 1

Grade	Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status
0	Fully active, able to carry on all pre-disease performance without restriction
1	Restricted in physically strenuous activity but ambulatory and able to carry out work of a light or sedentary nature, e.g. light housework, office work
2	Ambulatory and capable of self-care but unable to carry out work activities; up and about for more than 50% of waking hours
3	Capable of limited self-care, confined to bed or chair for more than 50% of waking hours
4	Completely disabled, cannot carry on any self-care, totally confined to bed or chair

Rehabilitation Strategies		N (%)
Symptom management strategies:	Fatigue	15 (60) 17 (68)
	Pain	8 (32)
	Nutrition/appetite Sleep	8 (32) 7 (28)
	Leaflet	11 (44)
Physical activity/fitness strategies:		24 (96)
	Exercise prescription Leaflet	22 (88) 20 (80)
Task performance/participation	Personal ADL ^a	3 (12)
strategies:	Domestic ADL Instrumental ADL	16 (64) 20 (80)
Behaviour Change Techniques (I	3CTs) ^b	- -
BCT Group	BCT label	
Goals and planning	Goal setting behaviour	23 (92)
	Problem solving	19 (76)
	Goal-setting outcome Action planning	20 (80) 24 (96)
	Review behaviour	22 (88)
	Review outcome goals	17 (68)
Feedback and monitoring	Feedback on behaviour	23 (92)
	Self-monitoring of behaviour	21 (84)
	Self-monitoring of outcomes of behaviour	9 (36)
Social support	Unspecified	3 (12)
	Practical Emotional	14 (56) 10 (40)
Shaping knowledge	Instruction on how to perform behaviour	24 (96)
	Information about antecedents of behaviour Behavioural experiments	5 (20) 1 (4)
Natural consequences	Information about health consequences	25 (100)
	Monitoring of emotional consequences Information about emotional consequences	7 (28) 7 (28)
Comparison of behaviour	Demonstration of behaviour	23 (92)
Associations	Prompts and cues	11 (44)
Repetition and substitution	Behavioural practice	21 (84)
-	Habits formation	13 (52)
	Graded tasks	15 (60)
Comparison of outcomes	Credible Source	25 (100)
	Comparative imagining of future outcomes	4 (16)
Regulation	Reduce negative emotions	12 (48)
Antecedents	Restructuring the physical environment	0 (0)
	Restructuring the social environment Adding objects to the environment	0 (0) 9 (36)
Identity/Self Belief	Framing/reframing	6 (24)
dentry/den Dener	Verbal persuasion about capability	21 (84)
	Focus on past success	2 (8)
	Self-talk	5 (20)

Supplementary Table 1 Details of rehabilitation strategies and behaviour change techniques

^a ADL = activities of daily living, ^b classified according to the Behaviour Change Techniques Taxonomy version 1 (Michie 2014)

Supplementary Table 2. Missing data at follow up

Variables	Values*	Total obtained (N)	Missing of obtained N (%)	Total obtained (N)	Missing of obtained N (%)
Patient Reported Measures	Values*	30 days		60 days	
iPOS (17 items) Lower scores = fewer symptoms	0-68	44	1 (2)	39	3 (8)
PASE (12 Items) Higher scores = more active	0-400	44	0	39	0
FACT L (34 items) Higher scores = higher QoL	0-136	44	1 (2)	39	0
FACT TOI (21 items) Higher score = higher QoL	0-84	44	1 (2)	39	0
SEMCD (6 items) Higher score = greater confidence	0-10	44	0	39	1 (3)
EQ-5D-5L (Index values) Lower score = higher QoL	0-1	44	0	39	2 (4)
EQ VAS Higher score = higher QoL	0-100	44	0	39	2 (4)
CSRI ^a - Hospital based care	Yes/no; number/information	44	6 (14)	39	7 (18)
CSRI- Community based care	Yes/no; number/duration/information	44	6(14)	39	4 (10)
CSRI-Investigations	Yes/no; number/duration/information	44	10 (23)	39	6 (15)
CSRI- Personal Care	Yes/no; number/duration/information	44	20 (45)	39	10 (26)
CSRI-Equipment	Yes/no; number/duration/information	44	3 (7)	39	2 (5)
CSRI- Medication	Yes/no; number/duration/information	44	3 (7)	39	5 (13)
Trial Satisfaction (4 items)	0-4	44	1 (6)	n/a	n/a
Treatment satisfaction (10 items)	9 items 0-3 1 item 0-4	15/25 expected	1 (6)	n/a	n/a

IPOS =Integrated Palliative Care Outcome Scale; PASE= Physical Activity Scale for the Elderly; FACT-L/TOI/LCS = Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy-Lung/trial outcome index/lung cancer subscale; SEMCD = Self-Efficacy Measure for Chronic Disease; FACIT-PS-TS = Functional Assessment of chronic illness therapy treatment/ patient satisfaction. CSRI = Client Services Receipt Inventory. ^aDomain data is recorded missing if contact and frequency items within the domain were missing