

The effects of party identification on (mis)perceptions of pledge fulfilment: Evidence from Portugal

Online Supplementary Material

Table A1. Mean predicted probabilities of biased perceptions by party ID and levels of political knowledge

	Party ID: Government			Party ID: Opposition		
	Mean probability	Standard deviation	N	Mean probability	Standard deviation	N
0 correct answers	0,617	0,240	250	0,768	0,149	1273
1 correct answer	0,600	0,234	505	0,736	0,143	2100
2 correct answers	0,548	0,239	380	0,745	0,144	1510

Table A2. Mean predicted probabilities of biased perceptions by party ID and levels education

	Party ID: Government			Party ID: Opposition		
	Mean probability	Standard deviation	N	Mean probability	Standard deviation	N
None	-	-	-	0,641	0,205	15
Incomplete Primary Education	0,593	0,304	15	0,891	0,128	55
4 complete years (complete Primary Education)	0,670	0,257	200	0,777	0,150	589
6 complete years	0,651	0,234	125	0,731	0,151	429
9 complete years	0,555	0,227	160	0,757	0,138	825
12 complete years (complete secondary education)	0,528	0,192	205	0,730	0,144	1340
Post-secondary education completed	0,640	0,265	45	0,755	0,171	140
University (bachelor)	0,550	0,224	350	0,743	0,141	1255
Post-graduate	0,458	0,000	5	0,740	0,156	25
Master	0,767	0,305	25	0,755	0,137	160
PhD	0,242	0,000	5	0,773	0,128	50

Source: 'Public Preferences and Policy Decision-Making'.