### S1 Supplemental Methods

# Sample Description: Exclusion criteria

The present sample represents a subgroup of a previously published larger sample (see (1-8). Here, we excluded five healthy control individuals to avoid differences in age across groups. In addition, two PTSD+DS, as well as two PTSD subjects were excluded as their brainstem had not been scanned completely (functional magnetic resonance imaging and anatomical magnetic resonance imaging, respectively). In general, participants were excluded if they had implants or metal that do not comply with 3T fMRI safety standards for research, a history of head injury with a loss of consciousness, significant untreated medical illness, a history of neurological disorders, history of any pervasive developmental disorders, pregnancy, and current use of any psychotropic medication within one month prior to study. PTSD individuals were further excluded if they reported a history of bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, or substance-use disorder prior to participation of the study.

# Statistical analysis: Sample characteristics

Age, PTSD symptom severity (CAPS total score), severity of childhood traumatization (CTQ total score), trait dissociative experiences (MDI total score, MDI derealization subscale, MDI depersonalization subscale), as well as state dissociative experiences (RSDI derealization and depersonalization), and state anxiety (STAI-S) were compared using one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA; multivariate ANOVA has been applied to compare MDI subscales). Gender and comorbid diagnosis were contrasted using Kruskall-Wallis Test.

Statistical significance was set to p<0.05, and in case of significant effects, Bonferronicorrected, post-hoc analyses were applied. All analyses were performed using SPSS (version 25; SPSS Inc., USA).

# RS functional connectivity: Analysis approach and statistical thresholding of the partial-brain analysis

RsFC analyses to voxels within the brainstem/cerebellum only (SUIT-space analyses, no additional ROI approach) were thresholded as follows: Within-group analyses were tested at a local significance threshold of p<0.05 (voxel level), corrected for multiple comparisons (FWE). Between-group analyses were tested at a local significance threshold of p<0.05, uncorrected for multiple comparisons and results are reported that passed a threshold of p<.005, uncorrected for multiple comparisons.

							_	Peak MNI Coordinate		
	L/R	Brain Region		k	Ζ	<i>p</i> FWE-corr	puncorr	X	У	Z
controls										
	L	Anterior Cerebellum I-IV	**	5	4.451	0.009	<.001	-2	-44	-19
PTSD										
	L	Peduncolopontine Nuclei/Locus Coeruleus	**	1258	Inf	<.001	<.001	-6	-32	-23
	R	Peduncolopontine Nuclei/Locus Coeruleus	**		7.390	<.001	<.001	8	-34	-21
	R	Superior Colliculi/midbrain RF	**		6.145	<.001	<.001	8	-32	-13
	R	Posterior Cerebellum VI	**	5	5.041	0.002	<.001	30	-52	-27
	L	Vermis Cerebellum IV-V	**	6	4.881	0.010	<.001	2	-50	-15
PTSD+DS										
	L	Locus Coeruleus	**	747	Inf	<.001	<.001	-4	-32	-21
	R	Anterior Cerebellum I-IV	**		6.130	<.001	<.001	20	-32	-25
	R	Peduncolopontine Nuclei	**		6.058	<.001	<.001	10	-32	-23

Table S1. Resting state functional connectivity of the left pedunculopontine nuclei and brainstem and cerebellar regions within each group (one sample t-test, partial-brain level, i.e. SUIT space)

\*\*p < 0.05 (voxel-level), FWE corrected

<u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; <math>PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference;  $k = cluster size; p_{uncorr} = p$ -value, uncorrected for multiple comparisons;  $p_{FWEcorr} = p$ -value, corrected for multiple comparisons (family wise error)

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(one sample t-test, partia	al-brain level,	i.e. SUIT space)								
								Peak MNI Coordinate		
		Brain Region		k	Ζ	<i>p</i> FWE-corr	puncorr	X	У	Z
controls										
			n.s.							
PTSD										
	R	Peduncolopontine Nuclei/Locus Coeruleus	**	1417	Inf	<.001	<.001	8	-32	-23

Posterior Cerebellum VI

Anterior Cerebellum V

Posterior Cerebellum VI

Periaqueductal Gray

Substantia Nigra

Substantia Nigra

Ventral Tegmental Area

Anterior Cerebellum V

Anterior Cerebellum I-IV

Anterior Cerebellum I-IV

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7.149

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4.850

4.789

4.535

6

6

465

23

6

16

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<.001

0.001

0.004

<.001

<.001

0.001

0.003

0.022

0.003

0.005

0.014

-10

-12

8

20

8

-2

2

-10

-4

28

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0

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-9

-17

-25

-17

-13

Peduncolopontine Nuclei/Locus Coeruleus

Peduncolopontine Nuclei/Locus Coeruleus

Table S2. Resting state functional connectivity of the right pedunculopontine nuclei and brainstem and cerebellar regions within each group

\*\*p < 0.05 (voxel-level), FWE corrected

PTSD+DS

<u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; <math>PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference;  $k = cluster size; p_{uncorr} = p-value, uncorrected$ for multiple comparisons;  $p_{FWEcorr} = p$ -value, corrected for multiple comparisons (family wise error)

#### THE RAS DURING REST IN PTSD AND ITS DISSOCIATIVE SUBTYPE

**Table S3.** Between-group comparisons of resting state functional connectivity of the left and right pedunculopontine nuclei and brainstem, as well as cerebellar regions (partial-brain level, i.e. SUIT space)

					Peak MNI Coordinate				
	L/R	Brain Region	k	Z	<i>p</i> FWE-corr	puncorr	X	у	Z
Main Effect of Group									
		n.s.							
Interaction Effect									
		n.s.							
Between-Group Effects									
controls > PTSD		n.s.							
controls > PTSD+DS		n.s.							
PTSD > controls		n.s.							
PTSD > PTSD+DS		n.s.							
PTSD+DS>controls	R	Anterior Cerebellum I-IV	Q	3 075	0.227	0.001	8	-18	-27
1150-05-06000	IX			5.075	0.227	0.001	0	-10	21
	L	Anterior Cerebellum I-IV	9	2.931	0.313	0.002	-6	-52	-21
PTSD+DS>controls	L	Anterior Cerebellum V	7	3.452	0.083	<.001	-8	-54	-11

\*\* $p_{\text{uncorrected}} < \overline{0.005}$  (voxel-level), k>5.

<u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference; k = cluster size; p<sub>uncorr</sub> = p-value, uncorrected for multiple comparisons; p<sub>FWEcorr</sub> = p-value, corrected for multiple comparisons (FWE)

						_	Peak MNI Coordinate			
L/R	Brain Region		k	Ζ	<b><i>p</i></b> FWE-corr	$p_{ m uncorr}$	X	У	Z	
CONTROLS										
	n	n.s.								
PTSD										
L	Thalamus (anterior, lateral dorsal, pulvinar)	**	231	4.24	0.003	<.001	-6	-16	14	
R	Thalamus (anterior, lateral dorsal, pulvinar)	**	136	3.79	0.011	<.001	16	-28	14	
R	Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex/Anterior Cingulate Cortex	**	539	4.23	0.004	<.001	14	60	-2	
PTSD+DS										
L	Amygdala/Parahippocampal Gyrus	**	306	4.70	<.001	<.001	-20	2	-16	
R	Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex/Anterior Cingulate Cortex	**	384	4.09	0.005	<.001	16	-14	18	
R	Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex/Anterior Cingulate Cortex	**	610	3.88	0.009	<.001	12	52	-8	
R	Amygdala/Parahippocampal Gyrus	**	152	3.92	0.003	<.001	28	-4	-14	

Table S4. ROI resting state functional connectivity of the left pedunculopontine nuclei within each group (one sample t-test; whole-brain level)
Reak MNL Coordinate

ROI approach: RS functional connectivity results are reported at a local significance threshold of \*\*p<0.0125 (i.e., adjusted for number of ROIs), FWE corrected <u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference; k = cluster size;  $p_{uncorr} = p$ -value, uncorrected for multiple comparisons;  $p_{FWEcorr} = p$ -value, corrected for multiple comparisons (family wise error)

							Peak MNI Coordinate			
L/R	Brain Region		k	Ζ	<b><i>p</i></b> FWE-corr	$p_{ m uncorr}$	Х	У	Z	
CONTROLS										
R	Thalamus (anterior nucleus)	**	91	4.57	0.001	<.001	8	0	6	
PTSD										
R	Thalamus (anterior, medial dorsal, lateral dorsal, pulvinar)	**	716	5.97	<.001	<.001	12	-2	12	
L	Amygdala/Parahippocampal Gyrus	**	82	4.84	<.001	<.001	-26	-2	-12	
L	Thalamus (anterior, medial dorsal, lateral dorsal, pulvinar)	**	220	4.51	0.001	<.001	-12	-12	18	
R	Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex	**	486	4.15	0.005	<.001	2	64	-10	
PTSD+DS										
R	Thalamus (anterior, lateral dorsal, pulvinar)	**	292	4.00	0.006	<.001	16	-12	18	
L	Amygdala/Parahippocampal Gyrus	**	116	3.65	0.006	<.001	-28	-4	-12	
L	Thalamus (medial dorsal nucleus, pulvinar)	**	332	3.93	0.009	<.001	-6	-16	10	
R	Amygdala/Parahippocampal Gyrus	**	207	3.57	0.009	<.001	24	0	-12	
L	Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex	**	503	3.75	0.012	<.001	-2	48	-10	

Table	<b>S5.</b> ROI Resting	state functional	connectivity	of the right	pedunculop	ontine nuc	lei within	each group	(one sample	t-test,	whole-brain	level)
								<i>( )</i>	· ·			

ROI approach: RS functional connectivity results are reported at a local significance threshold of \*\*p<0.0125 (i.e., adjusted for number of ROIs), FWE corrected <u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference; k = cluster size;  $p_{uncorr} = p$ -value, uncorrected for multiple comparisons;  $p_{FWEcorr} = p$ -value, corrected for multiple comparisons (family wise error)

			_	Peak MNI Coordinate					
	L/R	Brain Region	k	Z	<i>p</i> FWE-corr	puncorr	X	у	Z
Main Effect of Group									
	R	Fusiform Gyrus	16	4.276	0.209	<.001	28	-78	-8
	R	Superior Frontal Gyrus	15	4.141	0.324	<.001	14	34	44
	R	Superior Occipital Gyrus	14	3.750	0.789	<.001	22	-92	6
	L	Calcarine	18	3.744	0.795	<.001	-8	-88	-2
	R	Caudate	20	3.671	0.866	<.001	16	16	-4
	R	Anterior Cingulate Cortex	12	3.619	0.907	<.001	20	40	14
	L	Orbitofrontal Gyrus	13	3.615	0.910	<.001	-2	50	-12
	R	Middle Occipital Gyrus	15	3.605	0.917	<.001	30	-80	8
Main Effect of Hemisphere									
		n.s.							
Interaction Effect of Group x He	emisphere								
		n.s.							
Between-Group Comparison									
controls > PTSD	R	Supplementary Motor Area	10	3.442	0.956	<.001	14	-16	54
controls > PTSD+DS		n.s.							
PTSD > controls	R	Anterior Cingulate Cortex	46	4195	0.227	<.001	20	40	14
	R	Caudate Nucleus	20	3821	0.619	<.001	34	-40	10
	R	Superior Frontal Gyrus	21	3657	0.805	<.001	22	58	4
	R	Caudate Nucleus	20	3559	0.890	<.001	18	14	8
	R	Caudate Nucleus	15	3485	0.936	<.001	16	10	20
	R	Middle Frontal Gyrus	17	3482	0.938	<.001	44	6	38
PTSD>PTSD+DS	R	Medial Superior Frontal Gyrus	27	4466	0.086	<.001	12	34	44
	R	Middle Frontal Gyrus	15	3902	0.520	<.001	24	48	32
	R	Middle Frontal Gyrus	14	3823	0.616	<.001	30	28	30
	R	Middle Frontal Gyrus	20	3719	0.739	<.001	26	14	56
	R	Medial Superior Frontal Gyrus	21	3560	0.889	<.001	8	42	48
	R	Middle Frontal Gyrus		3488	0.935	<.001	18	42	46

Table S6. Between-group comparison of resting state functional connectivity of the pedunculopontine nuclei (whole-brain level)

#### THE RAS DURING REST IN PTSD AND ITS DISSOCIATIVE SUBTYPE

PTSD+DS>controls	R	Caudate	89	4243	0.194	<.001	16	16	-4
	R	Lateral Globus Pallidus		3341	0.984	<.001	16	6	-12
	L	Orbitofrontal Gyrus	79	4145	0.267	<.001	-2	50	-12
	L	Anterior Cingulate Cortex		3416	0.965	<.001	-4	44	-2
	R	Superior Occipital Gyrus	65	3825	0.614	<.001	24	-86	8
	R	Interior Occipital Gyrus		3557	0.891	<.001	32	-84	-2
	R	Fusiform Gyrus	18	3774	0.675	<.001	32	-62	-14
	R	Fusiform Gyrus	22	3707	0.752	<.001	28	-78	-8
	R	Calcarine	31	3691	0.770	<.001	2	-78	6
	L	Calcarine		3198	0.998	.001	-6	-72	8
	L	Cuneus	10	3562	0.887	<.001	-6	-98	6
	R	Fusiform Gyrus	14	3485	0.936	<.001	34	-38	-18
	R	Superior Frontal Gyrus	12	3424	0.962	<.001	18	54	8
	D	Eusiform Gyrus	24	1531	0.066		28	78	8
1150+05>1150	D	Superior Occipital Curus	2 <del>4</del> 74	4215	0.000		20	-78	-0
	K D	Superior Occipital Gyrus	/4	4515	0.131		22	-92	0 2
	к I	Calcarine	58	3080 4211	0.782		24 8	-90	-2
	D	Middle Occiputed Curus	35	4211	0.210		-0	-00	-2
	к I	Interior Temporal Cyrus	10	4136	0.272			-00	0 14
	I	Superior Temporal Gyrus	21	385/	0.555		- <del>4</del> 0 -46	-36	-14
	P	Superior Temporal Cyrus	11	3726	0.377		-40	-20	2
	R	A mygdala	11	3720	0.731		-+0 28	-52	-14
	R	Lentiform Nucleus	15	3131	0.999		20 34	0	-12
	L	Orbitofrontal Gyrus	10	3710	0.749		-12	54	-2
	Ĺ	Middle Occipital Gyrus	24	3698	0.762		-36	-76	8
	R	Inferior Occipital Gyrus	20	3697	0.763		38	-66	-6
	R	Fusiform Gyrus		3522	0.915		32	-64	-14
	R	Calcarine	11	3645	0.817		18	-84	2
	R	Lingual Gyrus	13	3602	0.856		36	-76	-4
	R	Calcarine	13	3594	0.863		4	-78	6
	L	Lingual Gyrus	12	3563	0.887		-16	-80	-8
	L	Orbitofrontal Gyrus	10	3504	0.926		-6	36	-14

#### THE RAS DURING REST IN PTSD AND ITS DISSOCIATIVE SUBTYPE

Whole-brain RS functional connectivity results are reported at a threshold of *p*<0.001 (voxel-level), k>10, uncorrected for multiple comparisons

<u>Legend:</u> PTSD = post-traumatic stress disorder; PTSD+DS = PTSD with the dissociative subtype; n.s.=no significant difference; k = cluster size; p<sub>uncorr</sub> = p-value, uncorrected for multiple comparisons; p<sub>FWEcorr</sub> = p-value, corrected for multiple comparisons (family-wise error)

# S3 References

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