Table A3: Cabinets formed during the crisis (2009-2015)

Cabinets (2009-2015)								
Prime Minister	Party	Incumbency	Government					
George A. Papandreou	PASOK	6/10/2009-11/11/2011	Single party government					
Lucas Papademos	Independent	11/11/2011- 16/05/2012	National Unity government (PASOK, ND and LAOS until 10/2/2012*)					
Panagiotis Pikrammenos	Independent	16/5/2012-20/6/2012	Caretaker government					
Antonis Samaras	ND	20/6/2012-26/1/2015	Coalition government: ND/PASOK/ DIMAR** (until 21/06/2013)/ NEEL (from 10/06/2014)					
Alexis Tsipras	SYRIZA	26/1/2015-27/8/2015	Coalition government: SYRIZA/ ANEL/OP					
Vasiliki Thanou-Christophilou	Independent	27/8/2015-21/9/2015	Caretaker government					
Alexis Tsipras	SYRIZA	21/9/2015-	Coalition government: SYRIZA/ ANEL/OP					

^{*} LAOS resigned the coalition government after refusing to support the bailout agreement.

Table A4: Attitudes towards Greece's membership in the Eurozone

Party	No	Yes	Remain	Leave	No Opinion
ND	91.14	8.81	93	6	1
SYRIZA	50.59	49.41	52	43	6
PASOK	90.91	9.09	78	16	6
ANEL	55.56	44.44	47	47	5
POTAMI	94.29	5.71	93	5	2
KKE	59.09	40.91	42	51	8

Source: We use data collected by Public Issue (2015) and by Marantzidis et al.(2017) using two questions:

^{**}DIMAR resigned the coalition government in protest of the closure of ERT; Greece's national broadcaster.

[&]quot;if tomorrow a referendum was held on whether or not to exit from the Eurozone what would you vote: YES or NO?" (second and third columns);

and "should Greece Remain in or Leave the Eurozone" (fourth and fifth column). The sixth column concerns mean estimates, whereby the scale is 0 (leave) -10 (should remain).

A.5: Description of data used in Figures 1 and 2 of the manuscript.

"Choose4Greece" stands for four Voting Advice Applications (VAAs) especially designed for the legislative elections conducted in May and June 2012 and in January and September 2015. Experts located parties on issue scales identical to those used by voters to position themselves (Konstantinidis et al. 2018; Gemenis et al 2016; Gemenis 2015; Gemenis and Triga 2012). More information about the surveys and each of the datasets can be found at the official website of the "Preference Matcher" consortium, which designed and launched all four surveys: Preference Matcher datasets.

We use two questions from these surveys: First, "Greece should leave the European Union" with answer scale: 1. Completely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree nor disagree 4. Disagree 5. Completely disagree. Second, "Financial austerity even if harsh, is necessary to induce economic growth in Greece" with answer scale: 1. Completely agree 2. Agree 3. Neither agree or disagree 4. Disagree 5. Completely disagree. The question was rescaled so that negative attitudes towards austerity correspond to 1 and positive ones to 5.

The economic adjustment programs for Greece, typically referred as 'bailout packages' or 'memorandums' (MoUs) demanded austerity measures in exchange for bailout funds. These required reductions in government spending (e.g. deep cuts in public wages and pensions) and tax increases. These programs aimed at supporting governments' efforts towards economic growth. From this perspective the wording of the question combines voters' perceptions of financial austerity - with the expected outcome - economic growth.

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