Table 1S. Physician and patient's baseline characteristic	S
Physician variables N=47	
Age, median (IQR)	41 (38-51)
Male, N (%) N=46	36 (80)
Year since graduation, median (IQR)	14 (11-24)
Patient variables N=300	
Age, median (IQR)	62 (53-71)
Male, N (%)	172 (57.33)
Race	
White	188 (62.67)
African American	98 (32.67)
Other	14 (4.67)
Level of Education	
College or more	146 (50)
Patient's previous residence	
Home (house or apartment)	283 (93.71)
Chronic Care facility ¹	19 (6.29)
Employed	85 (28.72)
Married or living with partner	150 (50)
Patient's Insurance	
Private	104 (34.67)
Medicare	160 (53.33)
Other	36 (12)
Hospitalized in previous year	212 (73.20)
Able to walk up 10 consecutive stairs in the month before	241 (80.60)
Toileting independently before hospitalization	264 (88.29)
Cognitive abnormal	51 (17.17)
Previous morbidity	
Functional Comorbidity Index, median (IQR)	3 (2-5)
Neurological condition	58 (19.33)
Congestive heart failure	112 (37.33)
Coronary artery disease	102 (34.00)
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	66 (22.00)
Renal failure requiring dialysis	30 (10)
Malignancy (treated for cure or metastatic)	94 (31.33)
Malignancy (treated for cure)	64 (21.33)
Malignancy (known metastatic or palliative approach)	39 (13.00)
Liver disease	35 (11.67)
Cognitive impairment	17 (5.67)
Psychiatric comorbidity	103 (34.33)
Variables related to ICU admission	
Primary ICU Diagnosis	
Medical	214 (71.33)
Surgical	86 (28.67)
APACHE 3 score, mean (SD)	98.24 (32.06)

1. Long-term acute care hospital, nursing home or retirement home

