Supplemental material for "Do Distractions During Web Survey Completion Affect Data Quality? Findings from a Laboratory" by Alexander Wenz in Social Science Computer Review

Appendix A. Questionnaire

	Question wording
Q1	Which of the following activities were you doing for the past 12 months to
	feel good and healthy? Please check all that apply.
	I tried not to overeat; I exercised; I tried to relax, avoid stress; I went to the
	gym or swimming pool; I took a contrast shower; I went to a health resort;
	I tried to eat healthy food; I took vitamins; I saw a doctor; I consumed
	alternative medicine products; I bought food with low levels of cholesterol,
	fat, calories, or artificial food additives; I walked outdoors
	Source: Mavletova (2013), adapted
Q2	What is your favourite vegetable?
	Green beans; Broccoli; Kale; Carrots; Spinach; Other, that is [Textbox]
	Source: Longitudinal Internet Studies for the Social Sciences (LISS) Panel, Nonresponse
	and Measurement Error in Mobile Web Surveys, 034
Q3	What is the main reason you eat vegetables?
	They are in my food already; I like colours in my meals; Other, please
	specify below [Textbox]
	Source: Peytchev and Hill (2010)
Q4	Do you have any hobbies? If so, what are these?
	If you do not have any hobbies, please leave this question blank.
	[Textbox]
	Source: Longitudinal Internet Studies for the Social Sciences (LISS) Panel, Nonresponse
	and Measurement Error in Mobile Web Surveys, 032, adapted
Q5	In this question, you can see a list of the ways you might have felt or
	behaved during the past week. Please indicate how much of the time during
	the past week None or almost none of the time; Some of the time; Most of
	the time; All or almost all of the time; Don't know
	you felt depressed?
	you felt that everything you did was an effort?

	your sleep was restless?
	you were happy?
	you felt lonely?
	you enjoyed life?
	you felt sad?
	you could not get going?
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, E8-E15, adapted
Q6	Please indicate to what extent
	$0 = Not \ at \ all; \ 1; \ 2; \ 3; \ 4; \ 5; \ 6 = A \ great \ deal; \ Don't \ know$
	you get a chance to learn new things?
	you feel that people in your local area help one another?
	you feel that people treat you with respect?
	you feel that people treat you unfairly?
	you feel that you get the recognition you deserve for what you do?
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, E35-E39, adapted
Q7	Taking all things together, how happy would you say you are?
	0 = Extremely unhappy; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10 = Extremely happy;
	Don't know
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, C1
Q8	Here are a number of personality traits that may or may not apply to you.
	To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following
	statements?
	Please rate the extent to which the pair of traits applies to you, even if one
	characteristic applies more strongly than the other.
	I see myself as
	Disagree strongly; Disagree moderately: Disagree at little; Neither agree
	nor disagree; Agree a little; Agree moderately; Agree strongly
	Extraverted, enthusiastic
	Critical, quarrelsome
	Dependable, self-disciplined
	Anxious, easily upset
	Open to new experiences, complex
	Reserved, quiet
	Sympathetic, warm

Disorganised, careless
Calm, emotionally stable
Conventional, uncreative
Source: Gosling, Rentfrow, and Swann (2003), adapted
How well can you concentrate if something in the background is distracting
you?
I = Extremely well; 2; 3; 4; 5 = Extremely badly
Source: Schepers (2007), adapted
How quiet must the environment be in order for you to study effectively?
$1 = Extremely \ quiet; \ 2; \ 3; \ 4; \ 5 = Not \ quiet \ at \ all$
Source: Schepers (2007), adapted
Please indicate to what extent the following statements apply to you.
To what extent
1 = A great deal; 2; 3; 4; 5 = Not at all
will music in your immediate environment disturb your concentration?
will noise in your immediate environment disturb your concentration?
will chatter in your immediate environment disturb your concentration?
are you dependent on absolute silence if you want to concentrate?
will people moving around in your immediate environment distract your
attention?
would it distract you if other people in the room spoke softly while you
are studying?
would the noise of a TV in an adjacent room distract you from your
studies?
Source: Schepers (2007), adapted
How easy or difficult do you find it adapting to loud music whilst trying to
solve a problem?
1 = Extremely easy; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7 = Extremely difficult
Source: Schepers (2007), adapted
For each of the following statements please indicate to what extent they
apply to you. Please note that there are no right or wrong answers.
Strongly disagree; Disagree; Neither agree nor disagree; Agree; Strongly
agree
I would prefer complex to simple problems

I like to have the responsibility of handling a situation that requires a lot of thinking Thinking is not my idea of fun I would rather do something that requires little thought than something that is sure to challenge my thinking abilities I try to anticipate and avoid situations where there is likely chance that I will have to think in depth about something I find satisfaction in deliberating hard and for long hours I only think as hard as I have to I prefer to think about small, daily projects to long-term ones I like tasks that require little thought once I've learned them Source: Cacioppo, Petty, and Kao (1984) Q14 For each of the following statements please indicate to what extent they apply to you. Please note that there are no right or wrong answers. Strongly disagree; Disagree; Neither agree nor disagree; Agree; Strongly agree The idea of relying on thought to make my way to the top appeals to me I really enjoy a task that involves coming up with new solutions to problems Learning new ways to think doesn't excite me very much I prefer my life to be filled with puzzles that I must solve The notion of thinking abstractly appeals to me I would prefer a task that is intellectual, difficult and important to one that is somewhat important but does not require much thought I feel relief rather than satisfaction after completing a task that required a lot of mental effort It's enough for me that something gets the job done; I don't care how or why it works I usually end up deliberating issues even when they do not affect me personally Source: Cacioppo, Petty, and Kao (1984) Q15 Before we proceed, we have a question about how you are feeling.

Recent research on decision making shows that choices are affected by context. Differences in how people feel, their previous knowledge and experience, and their environment can affect choices. To help us understand how people make decisions, we are interested in information about you. Specifically, we are interested in whether you actually take the time to read the directions; if not, some results may not tell us very much about decision making in the real world. To show that you have read the instructions, please ignore the question below about how you are feeling and instead check only the 'none of the above' option as your answer. Thank you very much.

Please check all words that describe how you are currently feeling. Interested; Distressed; Excited; Upset; Strong; Guilty; Scared; Hostile; Enthusiastic; Proud; Irritable; Alert; Ashamed; Inspired; Nervous; Determined; Attentive; Jittery; Active; Afraid; None of the above Source: Berinsky, Margolis, and Sances (2014) In your opinion, what is the ideal age for a girl or woman to get married and Q16 live with her spouse? [Textbox] Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, D28a, adapted O17 In your opinion, what is the ideal age for a boy or man to get married and live with his spouse? [Textbox] Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, D28b, adapted Q18 Before what age would you say a woman is generally too young to get married and live with her spouse? [Textbox] Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, D34a, adapted Q19 Before what age would you say a man is generally too young to get married and live with his spouse? [Textbox] Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, D34b, adapted Q20 The following statements are about men and women and their place in the

family. How much do you agree or disagree with each of them?

	Strongly agree; Agree; Neither agree nor disagree; Disagree; Strongly
	disagree; Don't know
	A woman should be prepared to cut down on her paid work for the sake of
	her family.
	Men should take as much responsibility as women for the home and
	children.
	When jobs are scarce, men should have more right to do a job than women.
	When there are children in the home, parents should stay together even if
	they don't get along.
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 2, G6-G9, adapted
Q21	How much do you personally trust each of the following institutions?
	0 = No trust at all; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10 = Complete trust
	The UK Parliament
	The legal system
	The police
	Politicians
	Political parties
	The European Parliament
	The United Nations
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, B4-B10, adapted
Q22	On the whole how satisfied are you with the present state of the economy in
	the UK?
	0 = Extremely dissatisfied; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10 = Extremely
	satisfied; Don't know
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, B25
Q23	Now thinking about the UK government, how satisfied are you with the
	way it is doing its job?
	0 = Extremely dissatisfied; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10 = Extremely
	satisfied; Don't know
	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, B26
Q24	And what do you think overall about the state of health services in the UK
	nowadays?
	0 = Extremely bad; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10 = Extremely good; Don't
	know

Q25	Source: European Social Survey (ESS), Round 3, B29, adapted Do you think that US President-elect Donald Trump should be allowed to
Q23	give speeches at British universities?
	Yes; No
	Source: Peytchev and Hill (2010), adapted
Q26	Do you think that UK Prime Minister Theresa May should be allowed to
	give speeches at US universities?
	Yes; No
	Source: Peytchev & Hill (2010), adapted
Q27	A bat and a ball cost £1.10 in total. The bat costs £1.00 more than the ball
	How much does the ball cost?
	[Textbox]
	Source: Frederick (2005)
Q28	If it takes 5 machines 5 minutes to make 5 widgets, how long would it tak
	100 machines to make 100 widgets?
	[Textbox]
	Source: Frederick (2005)
Q29	In a lake, there is a patch of lily pads. Every day, the patch doubles in size
	If it takes 48 days for the patch to cover the entire lake, how long would it
	take for the patch to cover half of the lake?
	[Textbox]
	Source: Frederick (2005)
Q30	What is your gender?
	Male; Female
Q31	What is your age?
	[Textbox]
Q32	What is your ethnic group?
	White; Asian or Asian British; Arab; Black or Black British; Mixed; Othe
	please specify [Textbox]
Q33	What is your current level of study?
	Undergraduate (BA, BSc, LLB, BEng); Postgraduate Taught (MA, MSc,
	MRes, LLM, MEng, MBA); Postgraduate Research (PhD, MPhil); Other,
	please specify [Textbox]

	Biological Sciences; Computer Science and Electronic Engineering;
	Economics; Edge Hotel School; Essex Business School; Government;
	Health and Human Sciences; History; Human Rights Centre;
	Interdisciplinary Studies in the Humanities; International Academy;
	Institute for Social and Economic Research; Language and Linguistics;
	Law; Literature, Film, and Theatre Studies; Mathematical Sciences;
	Philosophy and Art History; Psychoanalytic Studies; Psychology;
	Sociology
Q35	What course are you studying?
	[Textbox]
Q36	Why have you chosen to study [Q35 response] at the University of Essex?
	[Textbox]
Q37	Is English your first language?
	Yes; No
Q38	Overall, how much attention were you able to pay to the survey?
	1 = A lot of attention; 2; 3; 4; $5 = No$ attention at all
	Source: Zwarun and Hall (2014), adapted
Q39	How distracted did you feel by the things going on around you while
	completing the survey?
	1 = Not distracted at all; 2; 3; 4; 5 = Extremely distracted
	Source: Zwarun and Hall (2014), adapted
Q40	How private did you feel the survey was?
	$1 = Completely \ private; \ 2; \ 3; \ 4; \ 5 = Not \ private \ at \ all$
	Source: Couper et al. (2003), adapted
Q41	Finally, what did you think of this questionnaire?
	1 = Certainly not; 2; 3; 4; 5 = Certainly yes
	Was it difficult to answer the questions?
	Did you understand the questions?
	Did the questionnaire make you think?
	Was the topic interesting?
	Was the questionnaire too long?
	Did you enjoy answering the questions?
	Is the survey important for science?
	Source: Longitudinal Internet Studies for the Social Sciences (LISS) Panel, Nonresponse

	and Measurement Error in Mobile Web Surveys, 071, 073-075, adapted
Q42	If you were to complete this survey again, which device would you choose
	to use?
	Laptop or desktop PC; Tablet; Smartphone
	Source: UKHLS Innovation Panel, Wave 8, Samdifdev, Othdev, adapted
Q43	If you would like to make any additional comments about the survey,
	please use this space. [Textbox]

Appendix B. Description of respondent characteristics

Personality. The Big-Five personality traits are measured with the Ten-Item Personality Inventory (Gosling et al., 2003). The scale consists of one question (Q8) that measures each of the five personality dimensions with two items, one of which is reverse-coded. For each dimension, a score is created by taking the mean of the two items.

Need for cognition. The respondent's need for cognition, the extent to which they enjoy and engage in thinking (Cacioppo & Petty, 1982), is measured with the 18-Item Need for Cognition Scale (Cacioppo et al., 1984). The scale is implemented in two questions (Q13-Q14) with nine items each, half of which are reverse-coded. To create a score, an exploratory factor analysis has been conducted on the 18 items using the principal-factor method without rotation. One factor had an eigenvalue over 1 and explained 80.8% of the variance. The factor scores were used to measure the respondent's need for cognition.

Susceptibility to distractions. Ten items adopted from the Attention Questionnaire Scale III on Distractibility (Schepers, 2007) were used to measure the respondent's susceptibility to distractions. The items were implemented in four questions (Q9-12) and ask respondents to self-report to what extent distractions affect their concentration. To create a score, an exploratory factor analysis has been conducted on the ten items using the principal-factor method without rotation. One factor had an eigenvalue over 1 and explained 99.3% of the variance. The factor scores were used to measure the respondent's susceptibility to distractions.

Language ability. Respondents were asked whether English is their first language (Q37) which is used as a proxy for language ability.