

Supplementary materials

List of antibodies used in western blot assays

| Target | Phosphorylation site | Species | Company | Reference number |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|
| Rabbit IgG | N/A | Goat | Abcam | ab6721 |
| Phospho-PDK1 | Ser241 | Rabbit | Cell Signalling | 3061 |
| Phospho-mTOR | Ser2448 | Rabbit | Cell Signalling | 5536 |
| Phospho-p70 S6 Kinase | Thr389 | Rabbit | Cell Signalling | 9205 |
| Phospho-Akt | Ser473 | Rabbit | Cell Signalling | 4060 |
| Phospho-GSK-3α/β | Ser21/9 | Rabbit | Cell Signalling | 9331 |

List of primers pairs used for the RT-qPCR assays

| Gene | Primer sequences (5'-3') | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Sense | Antisense |
| <i>Akt1</i> | CGCTTCTTTGCCAACATCGT | TCATCTTGATCAGGCGGTGT |
| <i>Akt2</i> | GGCACGCTTTATGGAGCAG | ATCTCGTACATGACCACGCC |
| <i>Eef1a1</i> | TTGGACACGTAGATTCCGGC | TAGTGATACCACGCTCACGC |
| <i>Eif4e</i> | TACAGAACAGGTGGGCACTC | CATCGTCCCTCCCGTTGTT |
| <i>Gapdh</i> | TCCCTGTTCTAGAGACAG | CCACTTTGTCACAAGAGA |
| <i>Gsk3a</i> | GCCCAACGTGTCTACATCT | TTGGCGTCCCTAGTACCTTG |
| <i>Gsk3b</i> | CCGAGGAGAGCCAATGTTT | CTTCGTCCAAGGATGTGCCT |
| <i>Igf1r</i> | ATCTCCGGTCTCTAAGGCCA | CCAGGTCTCTGGACGAAC |
| <i>Igf2r</i> | TCACAATCGAGGTGGACTGC | CACCCGGTACAGACATTGA |
| <i>Insr</i> | GCTTCTGCCAAGACCTTCAC | TAGGACAGGGTCCCAGACAC |
| <i>Mtor</i> | GGTGGACGAGCTTTGTCA | AGGAGCCCTAACACTCGGAT |
| <i>Rp6kb1</i> | ACTGGAGCACCTCATTAC | GCTTGGACTTCTCCAGCATC |
| <i>Pdk1</i> | GAAGCAGTTCTGGACTTCG | GCTTGGATATACCAACTTTGTACC |
| <i>Pik3ca</i> | GAGCACAGCCAAGGAAACTC | TCTCCCCAGTACCAATTCA |
| <i>Rptor</i> | CTTGGACTTGCTGGACGAT | ATGAAGACAAGGAGTGGCCG |
| <i>Rictor</i> | CCGTCGCAGCAATCAAAGAC | CCCCCAATTGATGAGCCAA |
| <i>Rps6</i> | CGTCTTGTACTCCCCGTGT | GCCTACGTCTGGCAATC |
| <i>Skg1</i> | TGGTAGCAATCCTCATCGCTT | GTGAGGGGTTGGCGTTCAT |
| <i>Eif4ebp2</i> | TCCTGGCGCCTTAATGGAAG | AAGATGTGGCTGGACAGAGC |

Interesting relationships between morphine consumption and amygdalar gene expression

In addition to the results presented in the main body of the article, we analyzed potential correlations between behavioral and biochemical variables. None of the correlations studies achieved statistical significance after a false discovery rate control for multiple comparisons, probably due to the elevated number of comparisons (18 genes, 8 phosphoproteins, 2 behavioral variables, 3 brain areas & 2 experimental groups) that makes it difficult for any correlation between a behavioral variable and a biochemical one surpass the corrected

threshold for statistical significance. In spite of this, we decided to plot two here two scatter dot plots suggestive of interesting potential relationships that may merit further research.

In the rats of the group which self-administered morphine, the total number of infusions seemed to correlate with *Rps6* and *Eef1a1* expression in the amygdala. *Rps6* is one of the effectors of the mTORC1 complex, and the ribosomal protein S6 regulates *Eef1a1* translation, the latter being a key regulator of protein synthesis. If these results were corroborated in targeted experiments, they would support the findings in this study regarding the effects of morphine self-administration in mTORC1 function and the activation of translation machinery in the amygdala.

